ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY POLICY COMMITTEE
Thursday, April 12, 2018
10:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m.
Sheraton Fairplex Hotel & Conference Center, 601 West McKinley Avenue, Pomona

Individuals who wish to review the full text of bills included in this packet are encouraged to do so by visiting the League’s website at www.cacities.org and clicking on “Bill Search” found at the left column. Be sure to review the most recent version of the bill.

AGENDA

SPECIAL ORDER: State Budget and Issues Briefing for all policy committee members
10:00 – 10:45 a.m., Room California 2
Upon adjournment, individual policy committee meetings will begin

I. Welcome and Introductions

II. Public Comment

III. Legislative Agenda (Attachment A) Action

IV. Cap and Trade Update and Priority Setting (Attachment B) Action
Speaker: Erin Evans-Fudem, League of California Cities

V. State Fire Response and Disaster Relief Draft Policy (Attachment C) Action
Nearly 70 wildfire and disaster response bills have been introduced. Given the volume, League staff will present some draft policies to several policy committees for discussion and refinement. Once adopted, these policies will help guide League positions on 2018 post-disaster legislation.

VI. Stormwater: Statewide Needs and Los Angeles County Case Study Informational
Speakers: Kenneth Farfsing, City Manager, City of Carson

VII. Legislative Update (Attachment D) Informational
Speaker: Erin Evans-Fudem, League of California Cities

Next Meeting: Thursday, June 7, League Offices, Sacramento

Brown Act Reminder: The League of California Cities’ Board of Directors has a policy of complying with the spirit of open meeting laws. Generally, off-agenda items may be taken up only if:
Two-thirds of the policy committee members find a need for immediate action exists and the need to take action came to the attention of the policy committee after the agenda was prepared (Note: If fewer than two-thirds of policy committee members are present, taking up an off-agenda item requires a unanimous vote); or
A majority of the policy committee finds an emergency (for example: work stoppage or disaster) exists.
A majority of a city council may not, consistent with the Brown Act, discuss specific substantive issues among themselves at League meetings. Any such discussion is subject to the Brown Act and must occur in a meeting that complies with its requirements.

NOTE: Policy committee members should be aware that lunch is usually served at these meetings. The state’s Fair Political Practices Commission takes the position that the value of the lunch should be reported on city officials’ statement of economic interests form. Because of the service you provide at these meetings, the League takes the position that the value of the lunch should be reported as income (in return for your service to the committee) as opposed to a gift (note that this is not income for state or federal income tax purposes—just Political Reform Act reporting purposes). The League has been persistent, but unsuccessful, in attempting to change the FPPC’s mind about this interpretation. As such, we feel we need to let you know about the issue so you can determine your course of action.
If you would prefer not to have to report the value of the lunches as income, we will let you know the amount so you may reimburse the League. The lunches tend to run in the $30 to $45 range. To review a copy of the FPPC’s most recent letter on this issue, please go to www.cacities.org/FPPCLetter on the League’s Website.

Bill Summary:
This bill addresses the issue of reduction in recycling markets by providing flexibility to cities and counties and direction to the California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) related to enforcement.

Bill Description:
AB 3178 addresses the reduction of recycling markets in three ways:

1. Requires CalRecycle to consider the loss of markets for recyclable materials in determining whether to issue a compliance order;

2. Requires CalRecycle to consider loss of markets in determining whether a jurisdiction has made a “good faith effort” under AB 939 to meet the required 50% waste diversion level; and

3. Allows recyclables for which there is no market to be landfilled, if necessary to avert a public health threat, without subjecting the jurisdiction of origin to administrative civil penalties.

Background:
Existing Recycling Requirements. AB 939 (chapter. 1095, Stats.1989) established the Integrated Waste Management Act (“IWMA”) requiring local agencies to divert 50% of all solid waste by the year 2000 through source reduction, recycling, and composting activities. The vast majority of jurisdictions have met or exceeded the law’s diversion requirement.

Enforcement. CalRecycle may impose administrative civil penalties on local governments that do not meet the required 50% diversion rate, unless they can demonstrate they have made a “good faith effort” to divert 50%. Many contracts between waste haulers and local governments also contain an AB 939 and waste diversion compliance requirement.

Recycling Markets and China’s National Sword Policy. AB 939 assumes the sufficient recycling markets will be available for materials recovered by city and county recycling programs. Last year, China signaled a dramatic change in its import policies. Dubbed “National Sword,” the new policy imposes strict new contamination limits and includes outright bans on mixed paper and various grades of plastic. In 2016, 62% of recyclable material exported by California went to China. That market has now largely disappeared. It has not been replaced by other foreign markets, and no viable domestic
alternative exists. (Please see the attached National Sword white paper for additional details.)

**Fiscal Impact:**
Under current law, CalRecycle may impose administrative penalties if up to $10,000 per day on cities that are not compliance with AB 939 diversion requirements. (Public Resources Code Section 41850). In the case of cities that have no choice but to landfill recyclables due to lack of markets and a public health threat, AB 3178 would allow cities to avoid administrative penalties.

**Existing League Policy:**
The League supports continued efforts by local agencies to meet the 25% and 50% recycling and diversion provisions of the Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 (AB 939) and believes that decisions on how to achieve those requirements are best determined at the local level, rather than by state agencies. The League believes that those jurisdictions that have made a good faith effort to comply with the requirements of AB 939 should not be subject to enforcement penalties. The League opposes the repeal of AB 939, but supports continued efforts to streamline its provisions and to assist in compliance.

The League continues to support legislation to provide changes to AB 939 (the California Integrated Waste Management Act) that will:

- Place more emphasis on implementation of waste diversion programs and less strict mathematical accounting…
- Require the board to expand its market development activities, including providing more funding for research and development of markets for recyclable materials.

The League supports legislation and other efforts to increase the markets for recycled materials, including advance disposal fees, minimum content laws, and recycling market development zones.

**Comments:**
Communities statewide are experiencing the impacts of China’s new National Sword policy. Yet the extent to which this policy will affect AB 939 compliance will differ based on the markets utilized. Many franchise agreements between cities and waste haulers require compliance with the 50% diversion requirement. However, many franchise agreements also permit renegotiation due to unforeseeable events. Further, if no market exists, these materials stockpile and have the potential to create a public safety threat.

According to the author, AB 3178 is intended to express in law the critical relationship between waste diversion and markets. The identification of adequate and viable markets is a shared societal objective that cannot be borne solely by service providers or the jurisdictions they serve. The sponsor, the California Refuse Recycling Council, is comprised of waste collection and recycling firms who are responsible for conceiving,
developing and operating the network of recycling programs and facilities that have enabled California to lead the nation in waste diversion.

**Support/Opposition:** (as of 4/3/18)

**Support**
California Refuse Recycling Council (sponsor)
City of Vallejo
CR&R Environmental Services
Inland Empire Disposal Association
Kern Refuse Disposal, Inc.
Los Angeles County Waste Management Association
RJR Environmental Professional Services, Inc.
Solid Waste Association of Orange County
Specialty Solid Waste and Recycling
Upper Valley Agency Waste Management
VT Accounting Associates, LLP
Varner Bros., Inc.

**Opposition**
Unknown

**Staff Recommendation:**
League staff recommends the Committee discuss AB 3178 and determine a position.

**Committee Recommendation:**

**Board Action:**
The State’s Cap and Trade program has been in place since the California Air Resources Board (CARB) was granted authority to create it under SB 32 (Nunez, 2006). Revenues from this program must be dedicated to projects that have a nexus to improving air quality and reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

With the recent extension of the Cap and Trade program in July 2017, the state anticipates more stable revenues in future years. The extension plan was passed by a two-thirds vote of the Legislature, which has two major effects: (1) it insulates the program against legal challenges that argue the Cap and Trade system is an illegal tax and (2) it gives the Legislature the ability to broaden projects funded with these revenues.

The extension plan reprioritized how Cap and Trade revenues must be spent until 2031. The new priorities are as follows:

1. Air toxic and criteria pollutants from stationary and mobile sources
2. Low and zero-carbon transportation alternatives
3. Sustainable agricultural practices that promote the transition to clean technology, water efficiency, and improved air quality
4. Healthy forests and urban greening
5. Short-lived climate pollutants (such as methane)
6. Climate adaptation and clean energy research

Each year, Governor Brown has proposed a Cap and Trade expenditure plan with his January State Budget Proposal, which continue to be negotiated through a process paralleling state budget negotiations. Typically, Cap and Trade negotiations continue beyond the deadline to pass a state budget on June 15.

Existing League Policy:
In February 2016, the League’s Board of Directors adopted the following priorities for expenditures from Cap and Trade revenues, based upon recommendation of this committee:

- Transportation/transit;
- Waste diversion;
- Transformational climate communities program (include walkability and bikeability) – dedicated local government fund for top 5% of disadvantage communities – possibly expand to include more cities;
- Low carbon transportation and fuels – fleet modernization rebates;
- Urban forestry and urban greening;
- Energy efficiency in public building (include rooftop solar) – expand to include city buildings;
- Water and energy efficiency rebates;
- Energy efficiency upgrades/weatherization.
Comments:
In the 2018-19 state budget, the League has begun working with our partner organizations to request funding from Cap and Trade revenues in three areas:

- **$100 million for the Transformative Climate Communities (TCC) program** – This program fund planning and implementation grants for the 5% most disadvantaged communities in the state. This program is highly regarded and offers a one-stop-shop for local agencies to complete multi-benefit projects.

- **$100 million for waste diversion** – As the state works to implement new targets for organic waste diversion (SB 1383, Lara, 2016), the estimated need for new infrastructure ranges from $2-3 billion. A combination of funding from the state, local ratepayers, and waste haulers is needed to meet these goals.

- **$100 million for local fire prevention activities** – Wildfires in October and December decimated parts of the state, including damage to urban centers that were the most costly and destructive in history. Because of the unexpected nature of the “new normal” fire season, cities and local fire agencies need additional state resources.

Staff Recommendation:
Support the following funding priorities
- Transportation/transit;
- Waste diversion;
- Transformative Climate Communities program, including walkability and bikeability, dedicated local government funding for top 5% of disadvantage communities, with possible expansion to include more cities;
- Low carbon transportation and fuels, including fleet modernization rebates;
- Urban forestry and urban greening;
- Energy efficiency in public buildings, including rooftop solar, with possible expansion to include city buildings;
- Water and energy efficiency rebates;
- Energy efficiency upgrades/weatherization;
- Wildfire prevention and emergency activities.

Committee Recommendation:

Board Action:
The wildfires in Northern and Southern California in October and December were the most costly and destructive in California history. Cities were also affected in an unprecedented way, as a fast moving wildfire entered urban neighborhoods in Santa Rosa. This has led to state to recognize a new normal: a year-around fire season. Because of the wildfires and the mudslide that followed in the Montecito area of Santa Barbara County, lawmakers have introduced approximately 70 bills that address various aspects of disaster prevention, notification, and recovery.

While the League has existing policy that addresses fire services, emergency services and emergency preparedness, gaps in certain areas have been identified. League staff has carefully reviewed the legislation and determined that it would be helpful to have some additional guidance in this policy area from our members to help tailor League positions on 2018’s disaster related legislation.

Thus, we are requesting five League policy committees to consider and refine several potential policies. The committees that will review various aspects include:

- Community Services
- Environmental Quality
- Housing, Community and Economic Development
- Public Safety
- Transportation, Communication and Public Works

League policy committee staff will revise these policies to reflect committee input and produce an updated summary for the League Board.
COMMUNITY SERVICES POLICY COMMITTEE
PUBLIC SAFETY POLICY COMMITTEE
Topic: Better Natural Disaster Preparation

Background:
Safety of the public during a disaster depends on widespread notification of residents as well as carefully coordinated emergency shelters and local services. Among the issues communities must address during disasters are health and mental health care needs, animals, elderly, homeless, and medically-fragile individuals.

One area of legislative focus is helping ensure communities are better prepared for disasters. Another area of legislative focus is assisting with post-disaster non-medical assistance to help individuals and communities recover. This is an area where League policy does not offer much guidance, so League staff—after reviewing some of the legislation—has proposed some potential policy for consideration.

Potential Additions to League Policy:
League staff recommend the committee consider adopting the following policy statements:

- **Amend existing policy:** The League supports additional funding for local agencies to recoup the costs associated with fire safety in the community and timely mutual aid reimbursement for disaster response services in other jurisdictions. The League also supports additional funding for local agencies to preposition fire personnel and equipment as well as coordinate notification systems with local and state agencies.

- **New proposed policy:** The League supports measures that provide resources for local governments to coordinate services to assist displaced residents and communities recover from wildfires, earthquakes and other natural disasters.

Committee Action:

Board Action:
HOUSING, COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT POLICY COMMITTEE
Topic: Residential Insurance

Background:
Following the wildfires substantial attention has been focused on underinsured homeowners. While there is debate in the Sacramento regarding which entities should bear the cost of rebuilding, cities are not directly involved in this discussion. Rather, cities' interest may lie more appropriately in ensuring that (1) future consumers of property insurance are fully insured for the cost of rebuilding a home and (2) residential property owners have sufficient support during the rebuilding process.

The League does not have existing policy regarding residential insurance coverage.

Potential Additions to League Policy:
League staff recommend the committee consider adopting the following policy statements:

- The League believes homeowners should be insured for the value of rebuilding a home to current building standards. The League supports measures to increase transparency in insurance policies so that homeowners can make informed decisions.

- The League believes residents who have experienced a wildfire or other natural disaster are entitled to fair residential property insurance practices that provide flexibility to rebuild, including that insured property owners should not lose insurance coverage during the rebuilding effort.

- The League also believes residential property insurance policies should not be canceled based on weather-related claims or immediately following a disaster.

Committee Action:

Board Action:
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY POLICY COMMITTEE
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC WORKS POLICY COMMITTEE
Topic: Utilities

Background:
Current law provides that utilities found to be even partially at fault for a wildfire are strictly liable for damages caused by that wildfire. The immense costs of the most recent wildfires have resulted in discussions at the state level of the fairness of this standard, whether an investor-owned utility can withstand such costs, and who should bear the burden of rebuilding communities following a wildfire.

Investor-owned utilities (IOUs) and publicly-owned utilities (POUs) must also maintain the infrastructure in such a way as to reduce fire risk. One area of discussion is that if the strict liability standard were to remain in place, what mitigating effects may be useful for the utility, such as the ability to clear cut vegetation within a certain radius of utility poles. However, this authority could result in unintended environmental consequences associated with removing vegetation.

Existing League policy supports cooperation regarding public health and safety resulting from fires near the wildland urban interface.

Staff Recommendation:
League staff recommend the committee discuss the strict liability standard utilities are currently held to and consider the relative merits and drawbacks of authorizing IOUs or POUs to cut vegetation when maintaining power lines. We also encourage the committee to consider the differences between fire in wildland and forest management practices and utilities operating in urban areas.

Committee Action:

Board Action:
California Emergency/Disaster Response Bills

Better Preparedness
- AB 1877 (Limón D) Office of Emergency Services: communications: translation
- AB 1954 (Patterson R) Timber harvest plans: exemption: reducing flammable materials
- AB 1956 (Limón D) Fire prevention activities
- AB 2091 (Grayson D) Prescribed burns
- AB 2120 (Quirk D) Fire: agricultural burning
- AB 2112 (Santiago D) Federal 21st Century Cures Act: community-based crisis response plan: grant
- AB 2144 (Chen R) State parks: wildfires
- AB 2238 (Aguiar-Curry D) Local agency formation: regional housing need allocation: fire hazards: local health emergencies: hazardous and medical waste
- AB 2333 (Wood D) Office of Emergency Services: mental health response
- AB 2551 (Wood D) Forest and Wildland Health Improvement and Fire Prevention Program
- AB 2576 (Aguiar-Curry D) Emergencies: healthcare
- AB 2645 (Patterson R) Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: forestry and fire prevention
- AB 2898 (Gloria D) Emergency services: local emergencies
- AB 2911 (Friedman D) Fire safety. Updating building standards
- AB 2913 (Wood D) Building standards: building permits: expiration
- AB 2915 (Caballero D) Workforce development boards: mutual disaster aid assistance: MOU
- AB 3098 (Friedman D) Residential care facilities for the elderly: emergency plans
- SB 821 (Jackson D) Emergency notification: Office of Emergency Services: county jurisdictions
- SB 833 (McGuire D) Emergency alerts: evacuation orders: operators
- SB 969 (Dodd D) Automatic garage door openers: backup batteries
- SB 1040 (Dodd D) In-home supportive services: natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency
- SB 1044 (Berryhill R) State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fees
- SB 1169 (Anderson R) Violations: penalties and fines: wildfire incidents
- SB 1181 (Hueso D) Emergency services: certified community conservation corps
- SB 1260 (Jackson D) Fire prevention and protection: prescribed burns
- SB 1416 (McGuire D) Business licenses: fees: fire inspections

Insurance
- AB 1740 (Daly D) Fire insurance: valuation of loss
- AB 1772 (Aguiar-Curry D) Fire insurance: indemnity
- AB 1797 (Levine D) Residential property insurance
- AB 1799 (Levine D) Insurance: policy documents
- AB 1800 (Levine D) Fire insurance: indemnity
- AB 1875 (Wood D) Residential property insurance
- AB 1923 (Limón D) Residential property insurance: wildfires: consolidated debris removal
- AB 2229 (Wood D) Fire insurance: standard form
- AB 2594 (Friedman D) Fire insurance
- AB 2941 (Berman D) Health care coverage: state of emergency
- AB 3166 (Burke D) Insurance: residential property insurance: requirements upon nonrenewal
- AB 3180 (Frazier D) Insurance: misrepresentations
- SB 897 (McGuire D) Residential property insurance: wildfires
- SB 824 (Lara D) Insurance: nonrenewal
- SB 894 (Dodd D) Property insurance
- SB 917 (Jackson D) Insurance policies
- SB 1263 (Portantino D) Residential property insurance

Utilities
- SB 819 (Hill D) Electrical corporations: rates
- SB 901 (Dodd D) Electrical corporations: local publicly owned electric utilities: electrical cooperatives: wildfire mitigation plans and measures
- SB 1088 (Dodd D) Electrical and gas corporations: safety and resilience plans

Other
- AB 425 (Caballero D) Timber harvesting plans: exemptions: temporary roads
- AB 898 (Frazier D) Property taxation: revenue allocations: East Contra Costa Fire Protection District
- AB 1283 (Rodriguez D) Mutual aid: reimbursements: volunteer firefighters
- AB 1765 (Quirk-Silva D) Building Homes and Jobs Act: fee waiver: states of emergency
- AB 1919 (Wood D) Price gouging: state of emergency
- AB 2089 (Mathis R) Volunteer firefighters: background checks
- AB 2092 (Acosta R) Board of Forestry and Fire Protection
- AB 2228 (Wood D) Education finance: school apportionments: wildfire mitigation
- AB 2380 (Aguiar-Curry D) Fire protection: privately contracted private fire prevention resources
- AB 2585 (Patterson R) Prescribed burns: burn managers: liability
- AB 2672 (Patterson R) California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: wildfires
- AB 2674 (Quirk-Silva D) Office of Small Business
- AB 2727 (Flora R) Personal income taxes: credit: volunteer firefighters
- AB 2966 (Aguiar-Curry D) Disaster relief. State share of dead and dying tree removal up to 100%
- AB 3122 (Gallagher R) Taxation: disaster relief
- ACA 24 (Waldron R) Property taxation: transfer of base year value: disaster relief
- SB 896 (McGuire D) Aggravated arson
- SB 912 (Beall D) Housing
- SB 914 (Dodd D) Local agency contracts
- SB 1035 (Jackson D) General plans
- SB 1091 (Stone R) Property taxation: transfer of base year value: disaster relief
- SB 1415 (McGuire D) Building standards: violations
Environmental Quality Bills

**AB 1745**  (Ting D)  Vehicles: Clean Cars 2040 Act.
- **Introduced:** 1/3/2018
- **Status:** 1/16/2018-Referred to Com. on TRANS.
- **Location:** 1/16/2018-A. TRANS.
- **Summary:**
  Would, commencing January 1, 2040, prohibit the Department of Motor Vehicles from accepting an application for original registration of a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is a zero emissions vehicle, as defined. The bill would exempt from that prohibition, a commercial vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more, and a vehicle brought into the state from outside of the state for original registration, as specified.

**League Position:**  Watch

**AB 1775**  (Muratsuchi D)  State lands: leasing: oil and gas.
- **Introduced:** 1/4/2018
- **Status:** 4/2/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
- **Location:** 1/29/2018-A. NAT. RES.
- **Summary:**
  Would prohibit the State Lands Commission or a local trustee, as defined, of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in any activity upon tidelands and submerged lands in the California Coastal Sanctuary that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from, or facilitate additional development of, or exploration for, oil or natural gas from, federal waters.

**League Position:**  Support

- **Introduced:** 1/24/2018
- **Status:** 4/3/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
- **Location:** 2/22/2018-A. NAT. RES.
- **Summary:**
  Would appropriate $200,000,000 from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery for organic waste recycling infrastructure projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions and solid waste recycling infrastructure projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

**League Position:**  Watch

- **Introduced:** 1/29/2018
- **Status:** 3/19/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
- **Location:** 3/15/2018-A. NAT. RES.
- **Summary:**
  Would require the State Air Resources Board to work with state agencies administering grant programs that allocate moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to add specified cobenefits, to give specified communities preferential points during grant application scoring, and to allow applicants from the Counties of Imperial and San Diego to include daytime population numbers in grant applications.

**League Position:**  Watch

**AB 2050**  (Caballero D)  Small System Water Authority Act of 2018.
- **Introduced:** 2/6/2018
- **Status:** 3/20/2018-Re-referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.
- **Location:** 3/19/2018-A. E.S. & T.M.
- **Summary:**
  Would create the Small System Water Authority Act of 2018 and state legislative findings and declarations relating to authorizing the creation of small system water authorities that will have powers to absorb, improve, and competently operate noncompliant public water systems. The bill, no later than March 1, 2019, would require the state board to provide written notice to cure all public
agencies, private water companies, or mutual water companies that operate a public water system
that has either less than 3,000 service connections or that serves less than 10,000 people, and are
not in compliance with applicable drinking water standards as of December 31, 2018.

League Position: Watch

**AB 2063** (Aguiar-Curry D) California Financing Law: PACE program administrators.

*Introduced:* 2/7/2018

*Status:* 4/5/2018-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on L. GOV. Read second time and amended.

*Location:* 3/15/2018-A. L. GOV.

*Summary:* The CFL, commencing on January 1, 2019, requires a program administrator to establish and maintain a process for the enrollment, and for the cancellation of that enrollment, of a PACE solicitor and a PACE solicitor agent. This bill would prohibit a person from engaging in the business of a PACE solicitor unless that person is enrolled with a program administrator. The bill would also require the program administrator to maintain the processes as specified in a manner that is acceptable to the Commissioner of Business Oversight.

League Position: Watch

**AB 2072** (Quirk D) State Water Resources Control Board: constituents of emerging concern.

*Introduced:* 2/7/2018


*Location:* 3/20/2018-A. APPR.

*Summary:* Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, to the extent that the state board determines funds are available, to establish and maintain a dedicated program to research the potential effects of constituents of emerging concern in water sources on human and ecosystem health, as prescribed.

League Position: Watch


*Introduced:* 2/12/2018

*Status:* 4/2/2018-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

*Location:* 2/26/2018-A. W.,P. & W.

*Summary:* Would require the Ocean Protection Council to develop and implement a White Shark Population Monitoring and Beach Safety Program to award grants to academic institutions engaged in, and local agencies assisting with, research regarding white sharks and to local agencies engaged in operations to promote public safety on California's beaches. The bill would appropriate an unspecified amount from the General Fund to the Ocean Protection Council for these purposes.

League Position: Watch

**AB 2262** (Wood D) Coast Life Support District Act: urgent medical care services.

*Introduced:* 2/13/2018

*Status:* 3/21/2018-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on L. GOV. (Ayes 14. Noes 0.) (March 20). Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.

*Location:* 3/20/2018-A. L. GOV.

*Summary:* Current law establishes the Coast Life Support District and specifies the powers of the district. The district is authorized, among other things, to supply the inhabitants of the district emergency medical services, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the district to provide urgent medical care services. This bill contains other related provisions.

League Position: Watch

**AB 2278** (Berman D) Local Government Renewable Energy Self-Generation Program.

*Introduced:* 2/13/2018

*Status:* 4/2/2018-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Summary:
Current law authorizes a local government to receive a bill credit, as specified, to be applied to a designated benefiting account for electricity exported to the electrical grid by an eligible renewable generating facility, as defined, and requires the commission to approve a rate tariff for the benefiting account. Current law provides specific rules for the calculation of these bill credits. Under existing law, an electrical corporation is obligated to provide a bill credit to a benefiting account designated by a local government only until the combined statewide cumulative rated generating capacity of all eligible renewable generating facilities within the service territories of the state’s 3 largest electrical corporations reaches 250 megawatts. This bill would revise how the bill credit is calculated, as specified, and, for these purposes, would require the electrical corporation, until January 1, 2044, to use the time-of-use periods and seasonal definitions that were in effect on January 1, 2017.

League Position: Watch

AB 2283  (Holden D)  Income taxes: exclusion: turf removal water conservation program.
Introduced: 2/13/2018
Location: 3/20/2018-A. APPR.
Summary:
The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before January 1, 2019, provide an exclusion from gross income for any amount received as a rebate, voucher, or other financial incentive issued by a local water agency or supplier for participation in a turf removal water conservation program. This bill would extend the operation of those provisions to January 1, 2024.

League Position: Support

AB 2339  (Gipson D)  Water utility service: sale of water utility property by a city.
Introduced: 2/13/2018
Status: 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.
Location: 3/20/2018-A. L. GOV.
Summary:
Would permit a city that owns and operates a public utility for furnishing water service to sell the public utility for the purpose of consolidating its public water system with another public water system pursuant to the specified procedures, only if the potentially subsumed water system is wholly within the boundaries of the city, if the city determines that it is uneconomical and not in the public interest to own and operate the public utility, and if certain requirements are met. The bill would prohibit the city from selling the public utility for one year if 50% of interested persons, as defined, protest the sale.

League Position: Watch

AB 2346  (Quirk D)  California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.
Introduced: 2/13/2018
Status: 3/1/2018-Referred to Coms. on U. & E. and NAT. RES.
Location: 3/1/2018-A. U. & E.
Summary:
The California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program requires the Public Utilities Commission to establish a renewables portfolio standard requiring all retail sellers, as defined, to procure a minimum quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources, as defined, so that the total kilowatthours of those products sold to their retail end-use customers achieves 25% of retail sales by December 31, 2016, 33% by December 31, 2020, 40% by December 31, 2024, 45% by December 31, 2027, and 50% by December 31, 2030. The commission is required to waive enforcement of the renewables portfolio procurement requirements if it finds that a retail seller demonstrates the existence of any of 4 specified conditions. This bill would explicitly authorize the commission to condition waiver of enforcement upon the retail seller purchasing replacement generating resources that result in the least amount of harm to the environment.

League Position: Watch

AB 2371  (Carrillo D)  Water use efficiency.
Introduced: 2/14/2018
Status: 4/2/2018-Re-referred to Com. on W.,P., & W.
Location: 3/22/2018-A. W.,P. & W.
Summary:
Would also require nursery stock, for any taxa listed in the Water Use Classification of Landscape Species, published by the University of California Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources, to be labeled with the correct water use classification, as identified by that publication. The bill would specify, with regard to the correct name of ornamentals being the botanical name, that the botanical name includes any subspecies, hybrid, cultivar, or variety. The bill would require nursery stock on display for sale at retail to be individually labeled, except as specified.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 2378**  
(Salas D)  

*Introduced: 2/14/2018*

*Status: 3/19/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.*

*Location: 3/15/2018-A. NAT. RES.*

*Summary:*  
Would require the State Air Resources Board, in consultation with the State Department of Public Health, to submit a specified report, no later than January 1, 2020, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee quantifying for each program that has received moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund the public health impacts of each of those programs.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 2411**  
(McCarty D)  
Solid waste: use of compost: planning.

*Introduced: 2/14/2018*

*Status: 4/2/2018-From committee: Be re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES. Re-referred. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (April 2). Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.*

*Location: 4/2/2018-A. NAT. RES.*

*Summary:*  
Would require the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, on or before December 31, 2019, to develop and implement a plan to maximize the use of compost for slope stabilization and establishing vegetation in the course of providing debris removal services following a fire and, in coordination with the Department of Transportation, to identify best practices of each of the Department of Transportation’s 12 districts regarding the cost-effective use of compost along roadways and develop a plan to expand the identified best practices to the other districts.

League Position:  Support

**AB 2422**  
(Bloom D)  
Pesticides: use of anticoagulants.

*Introduced: 2/14/2018*

*Status: 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.*

*Location: 3/22/2018-A. E.S. & T.M.*

*Summary:*  
Current law prohibits the use of any pesticide that contains one or more of specified anticoagulants in wildlife habitat areas, as defined. Current law exempts from this prohibition the use of these pesticides for agricultural activities, as defined. Current law requires the director, and each county agricultural commissioner under the direction and supervision of the director, to enforce the provisions regulating the use of pesticides. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would expand this prohibition to include a pesticide containing any anticoagulant and would also prohibit the use of a pesticide containing an anticoagulant in the entire state.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 2501**  
(Chu D)  
Drinking water: consolidation and extension of service.

*Introduced: 2/14/2018*

*Status: 4/2/2018-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.*

*Location: 3/8/2018-A. E.S. & T.M.*

*Summary:*  
The California Safe Drinking Water Act authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board to order extension of service to an area within a disadvantaged community that does not have access to an adequate supply of safe drinking water so long as the extension of service is an interim extension of service in preparation of consolidation. The act defines “disadvantaged community” for these purposes to mean a disadvantaged community that is in an unincorporated area, is in a mobilehome park, or is served by a mutual water company or small public water system. This bill would redefine “small public water system” for these purposes as a system with 200 connections of less.
**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2528 (Bloom D) Climate adaptation.**
**Introduced:** 2/14/2018  
**Status:** 4/5/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.  
**Location:** 3/5/2018-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:**  
Current law requires the Natural Resources Agency, by July 1, 2017, and every 3 years thereafter, to update the state’s climate adaptation strategy to identify vulnerabilities to climate change by sectors, including the biodiversity and habitat sector, and priority actions needed to reduce the risks in those sectors. This bill would specify that the biodiversity and habitat sector includes habitat resilience areas, as defined. The bill would also require state agencies to maximize the objective of protecting and enhancing habitat resilience areas.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2538 (Rubio D) Municipal separate storm sewer systems: financial capability analysis: pilot project.**
**Introduced:** 2/14/2018  
**Status:** 4/2/2018-Re-referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.  
**Location:** 3/22/2018-A. E.S. & T.M.

**Summary:**  
Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, by an unspecified date, to establish financial capability assessment guidelines for municipal separate storm sewer system permittees that are adequate and consistent when considering the costs to local jurisdictions. The bill would require the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles region, to use the guidelines in a pilot project conducted to assess if a financial capability analysis can be effectively used to help municipalities to implement a municipal separate storm sewer system permit.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2569 (Arambula D) Electricity rates.**
**Introduced:** 2/15/2018  
**Status:** 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on U. & E.  
**Location:** 3/5/2018-A. U. & E.

**Summary:**  
Current law prohibits the Public Utilities Commission from requiring or permitting an electrical corporation from employing mandatory or default time-variant pricing, as defined, for any residential customer, except that beginning January 1, 2018, the commission may require or authorize an electrical corporation to employ default time-of-use pricing to residential customers, subject to specified limitations and conditions. This bill would prohibit the commission from requiring or authorizing an electrical corporation to employ default time-of-use rates for residential customers in hot climate zones who are projected to experience bill increases of at least 20% in 2 or more summer months, except with the customers’ affirmative consent.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2649 (Arambula D) Water rights: water management.**
**Introduced:** 2/15/2018  
**Status:** 4/5/2018-Re-referred to Com. on W.,P., & W.  
**Location:** 3/22/2018-A. W.,P. & W.

**Summary:**  
Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to prioritize a temporary permit for a project that enhances the ability of a local or state agency to capture high precipitation events for local storage or recharge, consistent with water rights priorities and protections for fish and wildlife. The bill would exempt temporary permits for these projects from the California Environmental Quality Act. The bill would require the board to set a reduced application fee for an applicant for a temporary permit for these projects.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2660 (Quirk D) Hazardous waste: surplus household consumer products.**
**Introduced:** 2/15/2018  
**Status:** 3/20/2018-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 6. Noes 0.) (March
20). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

**Location:** 3/20/2018-A. APPR.

**Summary:**
Current law requires the Department of Toxic Substances Control to convene a Retail Waste Working Group, as prescribed, to consider and make findings and recommendations relating to requirements for the management of surplus household consumer products, waste reduction opportunities for those products, and waste management requirements, as specified. This bill would impose certain requirement on a retailer or manufacturer that transfers or ships from a location in the state a surplus household consumer product, as defined by the bill, to a reverse distributor, as defined. The bill would authorize a reverse distributor to receive a surplus household consumer product to evaluate the product for reuse, donation, transfer for credit, and other specified purposes.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2692**  (Arambula D)  **Drinking water: infrastructure funding.**
**Introduced:** 2/15/2018
**Status:** 3/20/2018-Re-referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.
**Location:** 3/19/2018-A. E.S. & T.M.
**Summary:**
Would require the Treasurer to establish the California Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Program to provide loans to public water systems to address critical water infrastructure needs of those systems. The bill would establish the California Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund in the State Treasury and would require the Treasurer, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to expend moneys in the fund for the above purpose.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2766**  (Berman D)  **California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act: market development payments.**
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018
**Status:** 3/20/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
**Location:** 3/8/2018-A. NAT. RES.
**Summary:**
Moneys in the California Beverage Container Recycling Fund are continuously appropriated to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery for certain payments, including, until January 1, 2018, market development payments. Former law authorized the department, until January 1, 2018, (1) to annually expend up to $10,000,000 from the fund to make market development payments to an entity certified by the department as a recycling center, processor, or dropoff or collection program for empty plastic beverage containers that are subsequently washed and processed into flake, pellet, or other form, and made usable for the manufacture of a plastic product, or to a product manufacturer for empty plastic beverage containers that are subsequently washed and processed into flake, pellet, or other form, and used by that product manufacturer to manufacture a product, and (2) to expend additional amounts to make market development payments, calculated as provided. This bill would authorize the department to again expend those amounts to make market development payments from January 1, 2018, until January 1, 2024.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2864**  (Limón D)  **Coastal resources: oil spills.**
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018
**Status:** 4/3/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
**Location:** 3/8/2018-A. NAT. RES.
**Summary:**
Would require the applicable commission’s findings to be integrated into the final damage assessment and restoration plan, and would require the administrator to consult with the applicable commission on potential restoration and mitigation measures for inclusion in the plan. This bill contains other existing laws.

**League Position:** Watch

**AB 2908**  (Berman D)  **Tire recycling: California tire regulatory fee and waste tire program.**
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018
**Status:** 3/8/2018-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
**Location:** 3/8/2018-A. NAT. RES.
**Summary:**
Would require, until January 1, 2024, upon a specified finding by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, a waste tire generator that is a retail seller of new tires to end user purchasers to pay a California tire regulatory fee and to remit that fee to the state on a quarterly schedule for deposit in the California Tire Recycling Management Fund. The bill would require the department to track revenue from the California tire regulatory fee separately and would prohibit those funds from being used for activities other than those specified.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 2921**  (Low D)  Expanded Polystyrene Food Service Packaging Recovery and Recycling Act.
Introduced: 2/16/2018
Status: 4/5/2018-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on NAT. RES. Read second time and amended.
Location: 3/8/2018-A. NAT. RES.
Summary:
Would enact the Expanded Polystyrene Food Service Packaging Recovery and Recycling Act, which would authorize expanded polystyrene food service packaging (PFP) manufacturers and polystyrene resin producers to form or designate an organization consisting of PFP manufacturers and resin producers, to be known as the Expanded Polystyrene Food Service Packaging Recycling Organization. If the PFP manufacturers and resin producers form or designate a PFP Recycling Organization, the bill would require each PFP manufacturer or resin producer that formed or designated the organization that sells expanded polystyrene food service packaging or polystyrene resin in this state to pay to the PFP Recycling Organization the expanded polystyrene food service packaging assessment fee established by the PFP Recycling Organization.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 3001**  (Bonta D)  Zero-emissions buildings and sources of heat energy.
Introduced: 2/16/2018
Status: 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
Location: 3/12/2018-A. NAT. RES.
Summary:
Would require the Energy Commission to provide compliance incentive credit for measures that result in reduced emissions of greenhouse gases beyond those the commission has determined to be cost effective. The bill would require the Energy Commission, for the year 2022 and thereafter, to require new residential and nonresidential buildings to be electric-ready buildings, as defined, and to develop standards pursuant to which emissions of greenhouse gases associated with new residential and nonresidential buildings could be reduced in a cost-effective manner.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 3027**  (Chávez R)  California Environmental Quality Act: attorney’s fees.
Introduced: 2/16/2018
Status: 3/12/2018-Referred to Coms. on NAT. RES. and JUD.
Location: 3/12/2018-A. NAT. RES.
Summary:
Current law authorizes the court, upon the motion of a party, to award attorney’s fees to a prevailing party in an action that has resulted in the enforcement of an important right affecting the public interest if 3 specified conditions are met. This bill would, for a prevailing party that is a plaintiff or petitionor in an action or proceeding under CEQA, limit the awarding of attorney’s fees to certain entities.

League Position:  Watch

**AB 3036**  (Cooley D)  Solid waste: definition.
Introduced: 2/16/2018
Status: 3/12/2018-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
Location: 3/12/2018-A. NAT. RES.
Summary:
The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, generally regulates the disposal, management, and recycling of solid waste. This bill would exclude from the act’s definition of "solid waste" byproducts from processing
food, if those byproducts are intended for use as animal feed.

League Position: Watch

**AB 3178 (Rubio D) Integrated waste management plans: source reduction and recycling element: diversion requirements.**

- **Introduced:** 2/16/2018
- **Status:** 3/20/2018-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.
- **Location:** 3/19/2018-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:**
Would make findings that the storage of recyclable materials in amounts that exceed the design capacity or permitted capacity of a solid waste facility can pose a threat to public health and safety. The bill, notwithstanding the above-described diversion requirements, would authorize a jurisdiction to temporarily arrange for the disposal of recyclable material if the disposal is necessary for the facility to operate within its design or permit storage limits. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

League Position: Watch

**AJR 29 (Limón D) Oil and gas: offshore drilling: operations: leases.**

- **Introduced:** 1/16/2018
- **Status:** 3/5/2018-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 19, Statues of 2018
- **Location:** 3/5/2018-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:**
Would provide that the Legislature strongly and unequivocally supports the current federal prohibition on new oil and gas drilling in federal waters offshore California, opposes the Trump administration’s proposal to remove safety and environmental protections related to offshore drilling operations, and opposes the Trump administration’s proposed leasing plan that would expose the state to new offshore drilling.

League Position: Watch

**SB 824 (Lara D) Insurance: nonrenewal.**

- **Introduced:** 1/3/2018
- **Status:** 4/4/2018-Set for hearing April 25.
- **Location:** 3/15/2018-S. INS.

**Summary:**
Current law requires an insurer to comply with certain procedures relating to the cancellation of insurance policies, except as specified, in the case of a total loss to the primary insured structure under a residential policy. Among other requirements, an insurer may not cancel coverage while the primary insured structure is being rebuilt, as specified, nor use the fact that the primary insured structure is in damaged condition as a result of the total loss as the sole basis for a decision to cancel the policy, and must offer, at least once, to renew the policy, as specified, if the total loss to the primary insured structure was caused by a disaster. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to clarify that the provision described above is applicable to all insured properties located within a county for which a state of emergency has been declared, as specified.

League Position: Watch

**SB 834 (Jackson D) State lands: leasing: oil and gas.**

- **Introduced:** 1/4/2018
- **Status:** 3/14/2018-Set for hearing April 16.
- **Location:** 1/16/2018-S. N.R. & W.

**Summary:**
Would prohibit the commission and the local trustees of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in new or additional exploration, development, or production of oil or natural gas upon lands owned by the state and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are located seaward of the ordinary high water mark for tidal waterways and the ordinary low water mark for navigable nontidal waterways that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from federal waters.

League Position: Support
**SB 919** (Dodd D)  Water resources: stream gages.

*Introduced:* 1/22/2018

*Status:* 3/15/2018-Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

*Location:* 3/15/2018-S. APPR.

*Summary:*

Would require the Department of Water Resources, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to develop a plan to deploy a network of stream gages that includes a determination of funding needs and opportunities for reactivating existing gages. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the board, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board, interested stakeholders, and, to the extent they wish to consult, local agencies, to develop the plan to address significant gaps in information necessary for water management.

*League Position:* Watch

---

**SB 948** (Allen D)  California Environmental Quality Act community plans.

*Introduced:* 1/30/2018


*Location:* 3/21/2018-S. E.Q.

*Summary:*

The Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 authorizes the Governor to certify a project as an environmental leadership development project if the project meets certain conditions. The act requires a lead agency to prepare the record of proceedings for a certified project concurrent with the preparation of certain environmental documents. This bill would specify that a community plan and the accompanying ordinances meeting specified requirements are a certified environmental leadership development project qualifying for CEQA streamlining benefits provided by the Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011.

*League Position:* Watch

---

**SB 961** (Allen D)  Enhanced infrastructure financing districts.

*Introduced:* 1/31/2018

*Status:* 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and T. & H.

*Location:* 4/4/2018-S. GOV. & F.

*Summary:*

Would enact the Second Neighborhood Infill Finance and Transit Improvements Act, which would similarly authorize a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution, at any time before or after the adoption of the infrastructure financing plan for an enhanced infrastructure financing district, to allocate tax revenues of that entity to the district, including revenues derived from local sales and use taxes imposed pursuant to the Bradley-Burns Uniform Local Sales and Use Tax Law or transactions and use taxes imposed in accordance with the Transactions and Use Tax Law, if the area to be financed is within one-half mile of a rail transit station or within 300 feet of a transit rich boulevard served by bus rapid transit or high-frequency bus service, as specified, and among other things, certain conditions relating to housing and the infrastructure financing plan are or will be met.

*League Position:* Watch

---

**SB 966** (Wiener D)  Onsite treated nonpotable water systems.

*Introduced:* 1/31/2018


*Location:* 4/4/2018-S. APPR.

*Summary:*

Would, on or before December 1, 2022, require the State Water Resources Control Board, in consultation with the California Building Standards Commission, to adopt regulations for risk-based water quality standards for the onsite treatment and reuse of nonpotable water, as provided. The bill would authorize the state board to contract with public or private entities regarding the content of the standards and would exempt those contracts from, among other provisions, review and approval of the Department of General Services.

*League Position:* Watch

---

**SB 998** (Dodd D)  Discontinuation of residential water service: urban and community water systems.

*Introduced:* 2/5/2018

*Status:* 4/3/2018-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on EQ. (Ayes 8. Noes 1.) (April 3). Re-
Would require an urban and community water system, defined as a public water system that supplies water to more than 200 service connections, to have a written policy on discontinuation of water service to certain types of residences for nonpayment available in English, Spanish, or any other language spoken by at least 10% of the people residing in its service area. The bill would require the policy to include certain components, be available on the system’s Internet Web site, and be provided to customers in writing, upon request.

League Position: Oppose Unless Amend

SB 1014 (Skinner D) Zero-emission vehicles.
Introduced: 2/6/2018
Location: 2/14/2018-S. E. U., & C.
Summary: Would require the Public Utilities Commission, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to establish the California Clean Miles Standard and Incentive Program for zero-emission vehicles, as defined, used by participating drivers to provide prearranged transportation services for compensation for a transportation network company with the goal to increase the percentage of passenger miles provided by zero-emission vehicles used on behalf of transportation network companies so that 100% of the passenger miles are provided by zero-emission vehicles by December 31, 2028.

League Position: Watch

SB 1027 (Pan D) State employee survey.
Introduced: 2/7/2018
Re-referred to Com. on APPR.
Location: 4/4/2018-S. APPR.
Summary: Would require the Department of General Services, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board, to update a specified voluntary survey on state employee commutes by July 1, 2020, and at least once every 5 years thereafter, to include calculations for associated greenhouse gas emissions, as specified. The bill would require the department to report the findings to the Legislature, Governor, and all state agencies. The bill would require the department and the state board to develop incentives to increase state employees’ voluntary participation in the survey.

League Position: Watch

SB 1048 (Allen D) Pupil assessment: academic achievement.
Introduced: 2/8/2018
Status: 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on ED.
Location: 4/4/2018-S. ED.
Summary: Current law requires the State Board of Education to adopt statewide academically rigorous content standards in the core curriculum areas of reading, writing, and mathematics to serve as the basis for assessing the academic achievement of individual pupils and of schools, school districts, and the California educational system. Current law makes these provisions inoperative on July 1, 2011. This bill would repeal these provisions.

League Position: Watch

SB 1072 (Leyva D) Regional Climate Collaborative Program: technical assistance.
Introduced: 2/12/2018
Status: 4/3/2018-April 4 set for first hearing canceled at the request of author.
Location: 2/22/2018-S. E.Q.
Summary: Would establish the Regional Climate Collaborative Program, to be administered by the Strategic Growth Council, to assist under-resourced communities to access statewide public and other grant moneys, as specified, by establishing regional climate collaboratives, as specified. The bill would authorize the council to award specified grants to collaboratives for specified activities. The bill would
authorize moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be used to implement the program.

**League Position:** Watch

**SB 1073**  (Dodd D)  *Flood control: Napa River.*

*Introduced:* 2/12/2018  
*Status:* 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.  
*Summary:* Current law authorizes a plan of improvement for flood control and other purposes on the Napa River in Napa County, known as the Napa River Flood Control Project, in accordance with specified recommendations adopted by a specified federal act, at an estimated cost to the state of the sum that may be appropriated for state cooperation by the Legislature upon the recommendation and advice of the Department of Water Resources. This bill would require the state share of the nonfederal costs of that project to be only for those project costs incurred on or after the date on which the project was authorized by Congress.

**League Position:** Watch

**SB 1087**  (Roth D)  *PACE program: program administrators.*

*Introduced:* 2/12/2018  
*Status:* 3/21/2018-Set for hearing April 18.  
*Summary:* Current law, the California Financing Law (CFL), requires a program administrator who administers a PACE program on behalf of, and with the written consent of, a public agency to comply with specified requirements relating to the PACE program, including requiring, commencing on January 1, 2019, a program administrator to be licensed by the Commissioner of Business Oversight. Current law requires a program administrator, as of that date, to establish and maintain a process for the enrollment of, and the cancellation of that enrollment, a PACE solicitor and a PACE solicitor agent. This bill would require the program administrator to maintain the processes described above in writing, and in a manner that is acceptable to the commissioner.

**League Position:** Watch

**SB 1110**  (Bradford D)  *Energy: California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program.*

*Introduced:* 2/13/2018  
*Location:* 4/3/2018-S. APPR.  
*Summary:* Would authorize local publicly owned electric utilities, upon submitting specified findings to the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, to additionally adopt conditions that mitigate against the loss of public revenues if the applicable procurement and related requirements would lead to decreased generation from a powerplant with outstanding public indebtedness, as specified.

**League Position:** Watch

**SB 1133**  (Portantino D)  *California regional water quality control board: water quality control plans: funding: Los Angeles region.*

*Introduced:* 2/13/2018  
*Status:* 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Com. on EQ.  
*Location:* 4/4/2018-S. E.Q.  
*Summary:* Would authorize a regional board to accept and spend donations of moneys from a permittee for the purpose of updating a water quality control plan, thereby making an appropriation. The bill would authorize the California regional water quality control board, Los Angeles region, to accept and spend certain funds from the Los Angeles County Flood Control District to prepare a major revision to the water quality control plan for the Los Angeles region, as prescribed.

**League Position:** Watch

**SB 1142**  (Skinner D)  *Recycling: beverage containers.*
**SB 1215**  (Hertzberg D)  **Drinking water systems and sewer systems: consolidation and extension of service.**

*Introduced: 2/15/2018*

*Status: 3/29/2018-Set for hearing April 18.*

*Location: 3/1/2018-S. E.Q.*

**Summary:**

Current law declares it to be the established policy of the state that every human being has the right to safe, clean, affordable, and accessible water adequate for human consumption, cooking, and sanitary purposes. This bill would also authorize the state board to set timeline and performance measures to facilitate completion of extension of service of drinking water. This bill contains other related provisions and other current laws.

**League Position:**  Watch

---

**SB 1335**  (Allen D)  **Solid waste: disposable food service packaging: state agencies and large state facilities.**

*Introduced: 2/16/2018*

*Status: 3/29/2018-Set for hearing April 18.*

*Location: 3/1/2018-S. E.Q.*

**Summary:**

Would enact the Sustainable Packaging for the State of California Act of 2018, which would prohibit a food service facility in a state agency or large state facility, on and after January 1, 2021, from dispensing prepared food to a customer using disposable food service packaging unless the type of disposable food service packaging is accepted for recovery by the recycling or composting program serving the state agency or large state facility and it has been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the department that the type of disposable food service packaging is recovered for recycling or composting at a rate of 75% or more.

**League Position:**  Watch

---

**SB 1369**  (Skinner D)  **Energy: municipal public lands use surcharge.**

*Introduced: 2/16/2018*

*Status: 3/8/2018-Referred to Com. on RLS.*

*Location: 2/16/2018-S. RLS.*

**Summary:**

Current law requires a transportation customer who receives transportation service from an energy transporter, as defined, to pay a municipal surcharge through the energy transporter’s normal billing process, which is remitted to the municipality that granted the applicable franchise, for the use of public lands by the transportation customer. In the event that payment on a transportation customer closed account becomes more than 90 days delinquent, or a transportation customer notifies the utility that the customer refuses to pay the surcharge, existing law requires the energy transporter to notify the municipality of the delinquency and provide information on the name and address of the delinquent transportation customer and the surcharge amount owed. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those delinquency provisions.

**League Position:**  Watch

---

**SB 1380**  (Stern D)  **Clean Energy Financing Clearinghouse.**

*Introduced: 2/16/2018*

*Status: 4/4/2018-Re-referred to Coms. on E., U. & C. and EQ.*

*Location: 4/4/2018-S. E. U., & C.*

**Summary:**
Would establish the Clean Energy Financing Clearinghouse, a new office under the direction of the Treasurer, with the purposes of coordinating all government programs that invest capital in energy technologies that advance environmental protection and environmental justice goals to enable those programs to achieve their individual missions, making program information clear and accessible for market participants, and partnering with capital providers, investors, project developers, technology companies, and other market actors to catalyze more private investment into energy technologies that advance environmental protection and environmental justice goals, leveraging more private investment per public dollar used.

League Position: Watch

**SB 1399**  
(Wiener D) Renewable energy: shared renewable energy tariffs.  
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018  
**Status:** 4/5/2018-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Referred to Com. on E., U. & C.  
**Location:** 3/8/2018-S. E. U., & C.  
**Summary:**  
Would require the Public Utilities Commission to require each large electrical corporation to establish a tariff or tariffs that provide for bill credits for electricity generated by eligible renewable generating facilities and exported to the electrical grid to be credited to electrical accounts of nonresidential customers of the corporations. The bill would require the commission to ensure that the credit reflects the full value of the electricity from the eligible renewable generating facilities and the credit is established using the same methodology that as used to determined credits under the standard contract or tariff for eligible customer-generators.

League Position: Watch

**SB 1401**  
(Wieckowski D) Climate change: climate adaptation information: clearinghouse.  
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018  
**Status:** 4/4/2018-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on N.R. & W. with recommendation: To consent calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (April 4). Re-referred to Com. on N.R. & W.  
**Location:** 4/4/2018-S. N.R. & W.  
**Summary:**  
Current law requires the Office of Planning and Research to coordinate with appropriate entities to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities. The bill would require the office to seek feedback from entities that use the clearinghouse to maximize the efficacy and usefulness of the clearinghouse.

League Position: Watch

**SB 1477**  
(Stern D) Zero-emissions buildings and sources of heat energy.  
**Introduced:** 2/16/2018  
**Status:** 4/4/2018-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Referred to Com. on EQ.  
**Location:** 4/3/2018-S. E.Q.  
**Summary:**  
Would require the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to develop a statewide market development initiative to advance the state’s market for low-emission space and water heating equipment for new and existing residential and nonresidential buildings. The bill would require the commission, as a part of the initiative, to identify and target key low-emission space and water heating technologies that would assist the state in meeting its greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals.

League Position: Watch

Total Measures: 56  
Total Tracking Forms: 56