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## Labor & Employment Litigation Update

LOCC City Attorney Conference  
Monterey, CA May 2019

PRESENTED BY

**Stacey N. Sheston**  
Partner



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## Agenda

- Discrimination/Harassment/Retaliation
- General Public Agency Employment Issues (PERB, POBR)

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*Barone v. City of Springfield*902 F.3d 1091 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2018)

- CSO liaison to minority communities was investigated for internal policy violations
- While IA pending, during public event on PD's behalf, she acknowledged hearing complaints of racial profiling
- Admin leave, notice of discipline (4 week suspension), "last chance agreement" followed

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*Barone v. City of Springfield*902 F.3d 1091 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2018)

- LCA said she would not speak or write "anything of a disparaging or negative manner related to the Dep't/City or its employees."
- She refused to sign and was fired; trial court granted MSJ for defendants in her 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment retaliation/prior restraint case

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*Barone v. City of Springfield*902 F.3d 1091 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2018)

- Ninth Circuit affirmed on retaliation (not protected speech at event)
- Ninth Circuit reversed on prior restraint claim – even if no intent to impact protected speech, **"chilling effect" analysis focuses on employee's perception of the limit**

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**Practice Tip:**  
**“Last Chance Agreements”**

- What = last chance (i.e. you are foregoing termination now)
- Point is to obtain waiver of current appeal and future appeals for similar conduct/violation of agreement
- Limited term, narrow definition of prohibited conduct
- Be sure employee has representation prior to executing agreement

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***Garcia v. Salvation Army***

\_\_\_ F.3d \_\_\_, 2019 WL 1233216 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2019)

- Garcia worked as administrative assistant and then social services coordinator
- She and husband “left the church” in 2011 but she kept working for Salvation Army; complaints filed by client
- Fired after taking medical leave, she sued for religious discrimination’

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***Garcia v. Salvation Army***

\_\_\_ F.3d \_\_\_, 2019 WL 1233216 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2019)

- Ninth Circuit upheld MSJ for Salvation Army based on “religious organization exemption” to Title VII
- Court held ROE applies to retaliation and hostile work environment claims, as well as to discrimination claims arising out of hiring/firing decisions

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*Huerta v. Kava Holdings, Inc.*29 Cal.App.5<sup>th</sup> 74 (2018)

- Two restaurant workers sued on several theories after being fired following altercation at work; jury found for defendant on FEHA claims for harassment/discrimination
- On defense motion for fees/costs, court found action was not “frivolous”; but awarded \$50k based on defendant’s CCP §998 offer
- REVERSED: Effective 1/1/2019, §998 offer doesn’t apply to defense motion for fees and costs unless suit is determined to be “frivolous, unreasonable or groundless”

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*Martinez v. Eatlite One, Inc.*27 Cal.App.5<sup>th</sup> 1181 (2018)

- In plaintiff’s discrimination suit, Eatlite One made \$12,001 §998 offer silent on issue of fees and costs
- Jury found for plaintiff, awarded \$11,490 in damages
- Both parties filed costs memoranda and plaintiff moved for attorneys’ fees – trial court granted (damages+ costs > \$12,001)

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*Martinez v. Eatlite One, Inc.*27 Cal.App.5<sup>th</sup> 1181 (2018)

- REVERSED: where §998 offer is silent on costs/fees, it automatically means those are added to the offered amount (i.e. plaintiff would have received \$12,001 plus costs/fees had she accepted the offer).
- Jury’s verdict was less than the §998 offer, so she couldn’t recover post-offer fees or costs

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*Harris v. County of Orange*902 F.3d 1061 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2018)

- Retiree class action challenged County's elimination of its "Retiree Premium Subsidy" under FEHA
- RPS was a benefit that combined active and retired employees into one pool for calculation of medical insurance premiums
- Ninth Circuit affirmed County's motion to dismiss FEHA age-discrimination claim

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*Harris v. County of Orange*902 F.3d 1061 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2018)

- OK for employer to treat retirees (as a group) differently from active employees (as a group) with respect to medical benefits, taking into account that the cost of providing medical benefits to the retiree group was higher
- KEY: subsidy elimination focused on employment status (i.e. active workers old enough to retire but who had not done so still got the benefit)

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## General Public Agency and Labor




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*Bacilio v. City of Los Angeles*

28 Cal.App.5th 717 (2018)

- Officer Bacilio alleged to have propositioned and touched party in domestic violence call (incident 3/3/2011) complaint made on 8/4/2011)
- IA (both admin & criminal) investigation ensued; investigators submitted findings to DA 6/3/2013 and sought prosecution for felony sexual battery under color of authority
- Deputy DA interviewed complainant 8/6/2013 & told investigator she “most likely would not be charging”
- 10/3/2013 DA set written notice to Dep’t declining to prosecute

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*Bacilio v. City of Los Angeles*

28 Cal.App.5th 717 (2018)

- 9/10/2014 LAPD served notice that discipline would follow; administrative charges brought in Nov 2014
- After unsuccessful administrative appeal hearing, officer filed writ claiming discipline was untimely under POBRA’s one-year statute of limitations
- HELD: statute of limitations tolled until DA’s official rejection of prosecution

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*County of Orange*

PERB Dec. No. 2611-M (2018)

- 3 County employees/union reps who spent 30 mins distributing union surveys to other employees at their work stations were directed to leave
- HR manager subsequently directed union to stop distributing materials “to employees in work areas during work time”
- Union filed unfair practice charge – PERB held County violated union’s access rights

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*County of Orange*

PERB Dec. No. 2611-M (2018)

- Employer's reasonable regulations restricting union access to areas where employees work must be narrowly drawn
- "Work time is for work" rule is ok IF
- Union activities aren't singled out for stricter enforcement (cf birthday celebrations, fundraising for workplace parties, etc.)

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*City of Yuba City*

PERB Dec. No. 2611-M (2018)

- City Council's post-factfinding agenda listed item called "Local 1 Imposition," which was accompanied by staff report recommending imposition of last, best and final offer items
- Staff presented the report, mayor "opened the public hearing," public comment was taken (including from Local 1 business agent)
- Mayor "closed the public hearing" and Council voted to impose LBFO terms less advantageous than those City agreed to with other units

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*City of Yuba City*

PERB Dec. No. 2611-M (2018)

- Local 1 filed unfair practice charge, in part alleging City had not held a "public hearing" as required by Meyers-Milias-Brown Act
- ALJ and Board rejected Local 1's argument. "Public hearing" not defined in MMBA – minimum requirement is for agency to inform public it intends to consider imposition and allow public comment about it

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*State of CA (Dept. of Corrections & Rehab)*

PERB Dec. No. 2598-S (2018)

- Ximenez was psych tech for CDCR
- Signed form acknowledging rule against bringing drugs/contraband to the prisons and consenting to search at any time on CDCR grounds
- Stopped her at gate, she consented to vehicle & bag search conducted (based on inmate tip)
- Ximenez asked for union rep or supervisor to be present for strip search

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*State of CA (Dept. of Corrections & Rehab)*

PERB Dec. No. 2598-S (2018)

- Rep denied because (a) only a search (no questioning) and (b) previous consent (form)
- Union filed unfair practice charge based on denial of representation
- HELD: employees have *Weingarten* right to rep before being required to submit to invasive search (e.g. reasonable suspicion drug/alcohol test, this kind of strip search)

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*San Bernardino Comm. College Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2599-E (2018)

- Supervisor questioned CSO about his whereabouts during shift
- After answering some questions, CSO requested rep
- Supervisor said no more questions, just write us a memo explaining where you were; put him in room alone to write.

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*San Bernardino Comm. College Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2599-E (2018)

- CSO had phone access but made no call to get representation before writing the memo
- Union filed unfair practice charge
- HELD: employee has right to requested union representation prior to submitting a written statement as part of investigative interview

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*County of San Joaquin*

PERB Dec. No. 2619-M (2018)

- Supervisor directed employee to provide memo explaining why he failed to follow her prior directions
- Employee requested union rep – supervisor said you don't need one; employee refused to provide memo without one
- Supervisor put him on administrative leave and started an IA; suspended for insubordination

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*County of San Joaquin*

PERB Dec. No. 2619-M (2018)

- ALJ dismissed Union's unfair practice charge because employee never did submit memo and County had shown legitimate, non-discriminatory reason for discipline
- HELD: reversed – representation rights under PERB-administered statutes are broader than, and not limited by, *Weingarten* requirements

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*County of Santa Clara*

PERB Dec. No.2613-M (2018)

- County and SCPOA negotiating for new contract in mid-2015
- During roughly same time, County started IA about allegations against 3 deputies, one of whom was POA president/chief negotiator (Scimeca)

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*County of Santa Clara*

PERB Dec. No.2613-M (2018)

- Scimeca placed on admin leave, ordered not to discuss the matter “with any witnesses, potential witnesses, the complainant, or any other employee of the Sheriff’s office”
- POA objected that order prevented Scimeca from conducting meet and confer duties/discussions with members – County said ok to do those but maintained rest of the order

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*County of Santa Clara*

PERB Dec. No.2613-M (2018)

- HELD: blanket “gag order” violated both his right to communicate with other employees about working conditions and union’s right to represent the deputy
- HELD: County didn’t carry burden to explain why confidentiality was needed in this case
- KEY: blanket “gag orders” during IA are out

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*Los Angeles Unified Sch. Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2588-E (2018)

- CBA had “access” section stating union reps have right of reasonable access to District facilities, including teacher mailboxes, for purposes of contacting e’ees/doing union business
- Bargaining unit members had District email addresses
- District’s email policy said network access is provided primarily for education and District business, with incidental use permitted during personal time

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*Los Angeles Unified Sch. Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2588-E (2018)

- Union sent District an email asserting union’s right to use District mailboxes, bulletin boards, etc. Requested District to send the document to all unit members at their District email addresses
- District declined; union proposed side letter language relating to use of District emails
- After month passed, Union filed a charge

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*Los Angeles Unified Sch. Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2588-E (2018)

- HELD: union can use employer’s email system (it is the fundamental forum for present day employee communications) - recall Napa Comm. College decision last year

BUT

- District not required to send union’s emails out

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*Chula Vista Elem. Sch. Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2586-S (2018)

- Union president resigned to take District's HR Director position
- Teacher/union VP Yvellez used District email to send email criticizing new union president and HR Director as having conflict of interest
- District started investigation of Yvellez' email use; Yvellez filed unfair practice charge for interference with protected union activity/speech

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*Chula Vista Elem. Sch. Dist.*

PERB Dec. No. 2586-S (2018)

- Held: **new standard for union speech**—speech between employees on “matters of legitimate concern to employees as employees” is protected unless the speech is “**maliciously untrue**”

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Thank you for attending.

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