## The Cannabis Conundrum:

How to Extinguish Illegal Marijuana Businesses

League of California Cities
City Attorneys' Spring Conference
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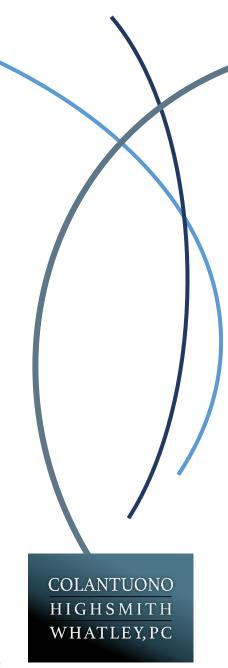
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## Agenda

- Legal framework
- Enforcement options:
  - Administrative citations
  - Civil injunction actions
  - Inspection and abatement warrants
  - Criminal enforcement
  - Unlawful detainer actions
  - State regulatory enforcement
  - Some combination of the above
- Summary



## Legal Framework

- Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA)
  - Civil penalties
    - Up to 3x license fee
    - Reimburses attorney fees with remainder to General Fund
  - Misdemeanor
    - Health and Safety Code





## Legal Framework

- Proposition 64 and MAUCRSA reflect the fundamental principle that a local jurisdiction has constitutional authority over land use within its boundaries
- Municipal Code
  - Permissive zoning no longer sufficient for bans
  - May allow some or all license types available under state law
  - Rational basis applies to limitations on economic activity
    - See *City of Vallejo v. NCORP4, Inc.* (2017) 15 Cal.App.5th 1078, 1087



## Legal Framework

- Municipal Code best practices
  - Declare unlicensed commercial cannabis activity a public nuisance
  - Provide for abatement through any lawful means
  - Impose civil penalties + costs of abatement and attorney fees
  - Designate violations as misdemeanors
  - Business license & zoning regulations



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## **Administrative Citations**

- Small fines for infractions—\$100/\$200/\$500
  - AB 2164 for grow operations in residential neighborhoods
  - Slightly higher fines for local building and safety code violations possible
- Cost of staff time
- Administrative appeal rights
- Writ of administrative mandate



### **Administrative Citations**

- May be seen as "cost of doing business"
- May use appeal process to deplete City resources and political will
- Risk of res judicata on factual issues against the City



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## **Civil Injunction Actions**

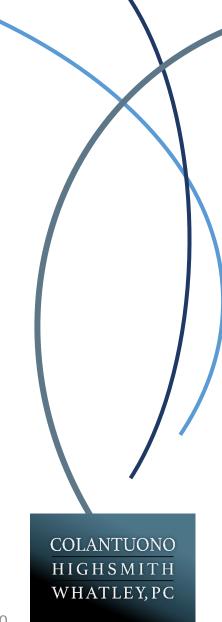
- Public nuisance
- Favorable standard for cities
  - IT Corp. v. County of Imperial (1983) 35 Cal.3d 63
- Consider:
  - bringing in the name of the People of the State of California
  - seeking civil penalties under MAUCRSA
  - suing property owner too





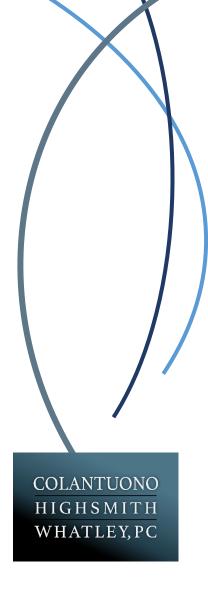
## **Civil Injunction Actions**

- Civil "indirect" contempt
  - Marshal evidence of continued cannabis distribution
  - OSC re contempt
  - Quasi-criminal proceeding
  - Proof beyond a reasonable doubt
- Time-consuming and costly
  - Personal service requirement
- Difficult to demonstrate owner violated injunction enjoin all persons acting on behalf of/in concert with operator



## **Civil Injunction Actions**

- Criminal violation
  - Willful disobedience with a court order is a misdemeanor
    - Penal Code § 166, subd. (a)(4)
  - Arrest and prosecutor contemner
- Speedier than civil contempt
- Same burden of proof as civil contempt
- Unlike civil contempt, contemner has right to jury trial
- May require more resources than small cities possess



# Inspection and Abatement Warrants

- Inspection warrants
  - Zoning violations
  - Suspected building code violations
- Abatement warrant for building code violations



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# Inspection and Abatement Warrants

- Court unlikely to issue abatement warrant where only violation is unpermitted cannabis business
- Quick and inexpensive
  - Issued ex parte
- Useful in conjunction with other enforcement methods:
  - Inspection can be basis for increased administrative fines
  - Inspection may provide additional evidence of violations



### **Criminal Enforcement**

- City may prosecute Municipal Code violations as a misdemeanor unless the violation is an infraction
  - No immunity from criminal prosecution for collectively/ cooperatively cultivating medical cannabis since January 9, 2019
- Review your Code to determine scope of criminal liability



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### **Criminal Enforcement**

- District Attorney or City Attorney/Prosecutor may bring misdemeanor charges
  - However, DA's office seldom has resources to do so
- Potential jail time and financial penalties
- Defendant entitled to counsel and jury trial
- Very effective in compelling operators to cease unlawful activities
- May be too expensive for smaller cities



## **Unlawful Detainer Actions**

 Nearly all commercial leases require compliance with law

 If landlord unwilling to evict upon request, TRO or preliminary injunction can assist landlord in successful eviction

 Cities likely cannot mandate landlords successfully evict unlawful cannabis businesses

• Cook v. City of Buena Park (2005) 126 Cal.App.4th 1



## **Unlawful Detainer Actions**

- Effective and inexpensive
- Seek landlord's cooperation early
  - Civil liability on landlords for leasing to unlawful cannabis businesses may help compel cooperation
  - Unlawful cannabis businesses pay a premium to rent
- Seek eviction from all properties the operator leases from landlord—even if not being used for cannabis retail activity



### **Unlawful Detainer Actions**

- Ineffective where unlawful cannabis operator owns the property
- Considering title search to identify and notify lienholders
- Lienholders may enforce deed covenants requiring compliance with law to avoid having costs and fees of abatement recorded against property



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# State Regulatory Enforcement

#### **Department**

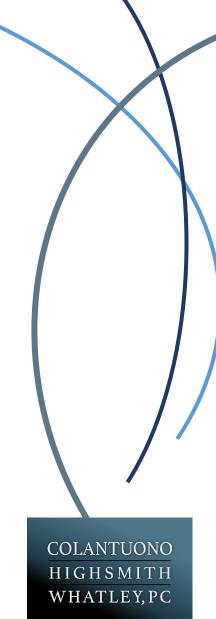
- Dept. of Consumer Affairs, Bureau of Cannabis Control
- Dept. of Food and Agriculture, CalCannabis Cultivation Licensing division
- Dept. of Public Health, Manufactured Cannabis Safety Branch

#### **Licensed Activity**

Retailers

Cultivators

Manufacturers



## State Regulatory Enforcement



General Advance Search Resources Contact

> My Account > Applicants and Licensees > California Business Portal > Email boodedca.ca.gov >
Department of Consumer Affairs > COPA California Consumer Affairs > Constitute of Consumer Affairs > Copart Consumer Affairs > Constitute of College Affairs of College Affairs

- State often performs enforcement activity with local law enforcement
- Bureau provides on-line complaint portal for unlicensed activity
- Let licensed retailers know of this opportunity



# Combining Enforcement Options

- Administrative citations + inspection/abatement warrants
- Civil injunctions + unlawful detainer actions
- Criminal enforcement + state regulatory enforcement



# Combining Enforcement Options

#### Costliest to least costly

- Criminal enforcement
- Civil injunction action
- Abatement warrants
- Administrative citations
- State enforcement
- Unlawful detainer

#### Most to least effective

- Criminal enforcement
- State enforcement
- Unlawful detainer
- Civil injunction
- Abatement warrant
- Administrative citations



## Summary

- MAUCRSA and state law provides effective tools for enforcement
- Local law can augment and supplement these tools
- These legal bases provide a range of options



## Summary



 Choice among these options is for each City to decide

• Depends on:

- The City's goals
- The nature of the offender
- The specific provisions of the City's Municipal Code

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# Thank you!

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